

Advertisement.

WHereas since the late Discovery of the damnable Popish Plot, the honourable House of Commons have thought it necessary not onely to cause the Proceedings of their own House, but also the Informations and Depositions of the Discoverers of the said Plot to be printed; that thereby the Eyes of the whole Nation may be opened to see their imminent danger; yet the Covetousness (to call it no worse) of many Publishers has been such, as has put them upon doing what in them lies to hinder this good Work, and still to keep the People in darkness, by printing Proceedings, Informations, &c. after such a manner, that they are sold for triple the Money they might be afforded at. Therefore for the preventing of this mischief, and that the People may purchase at cheaper rates these necessary Informations are printed for the publick good and to be sold for 6 d.

An Advertisement To Booksellers.

THe printing these Votes and Informations upon other Booksellers. may possibly be look'd upon as an invading of Propriety, besides the general Answers of the Expiration of the Act for Printing, and the Liberty that *Hollanders* have to print any thing of ours there, and import hither; which are satisfactory enough to any rational and considering person: one reason more of the reprinting hereof shall be given, Many of the Trade resolving to engross all good Copies to themselves, have of late given and offered such excessive rates for Copies, as it is impossible they should be other than very considerable Losers by them. To instance, Four hundred and odd Pounds was within these four Moneths given for the Copy of a Book under 60 sheets of Paper; and Two hundred and odd Pounds for the Copy of another Book not exceeding 34 sheets: In both which Books it is easily demonstrable, the Booksellers made no saving Bargain. Therefore it is hoped this course may obviate this Evil, so destructive to the whole Trade.

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THE
PROCEEDINGS
OF
THE HONOURABLE
House of COMMONS,

Who met at *Oxford*, *March 21. 1681*, and were
dissolved the 28th. of the same Moneth.

Containing,

- I. The Speeches of *W: Williams*, Esq; to the Kings most Excellent Majesty and the House of Commons, upon the Electing and Presenting him Speaker of the said House; with the Lord Chancellours Speeches at the same time.
- II. The Votes of the Honourable House of Commons.
- III. The Examination of *Mr. Fitz-Harris*, published by Order of the said House.
- IV. The Examination of *Mr. Serjeant* and *Mr. Morice*, published likewise by Order of the said House.
- V. A List of the Names of the Knights, Citizens, Burgessees, and Barons of the Cinque Ports, that were returned to serve in that Parliament.

Printed together in this small Volume for general Information.

L O N D O N,
Printed for *John Peacock*, M. DC. LXXXI.



Oct. 30, 1886

F O
Frederick Coggeshall

New York

COMMONS in the

Wm. H. W. & Co., Oxford.

disbanded the 28th of June 1864.

I have been thinking much lately about the future of our country, and I believe it is our duty to do all we can to preserve the Union and the principles upon which it was founded.

1. The House of the Honourable House of Commons.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

[illegible]

and others of the Order, that were returned to the
 V. A. of the Order of the Knights, Church, Dugess.

... Volume 1 ...

И О Д О Л

Printed for John Groom, M. D. & Co.

(1)

THE
PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of
COMMONS,
At OXFORD.

Lun. 21^o die Martii, 168^o.

THe House being met, there came a Message from the King, which was delivered by *Thomas Duppa*, Esq; Deputy Gentleman-Usher of the *Black Rod*.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

The King Commands this Honourable House to attend him immediately in the House of Peers.

And accordingly the House went up to attend his Majesty, who was pleased (after having made a Speech) to Command the Commons to return to their House, and proceed to the choice of their *Speaker*.

And the House having returned from his Majesty, *William Williams* Esq; Speaker of the last Parliament, was unanimously chosen by the House for their Speaker in this Parliament, and Conducted to the Chair by two of the Members, and there in a Speech accepted the Service of the House; which Speech was as follows.

Gentlemen,

IT were vanity in me by Arguments from Weakness and Unfitness to disable my self for your Service in this Chair at this Time.

The Unanimous Voice of the House calling me to this Place excludes me, and leaves me without excuse: Whom the Commons have Elected for this Trust, is to be supposed worthy and fit for it; wherefore I must acquiesce in your Commands.

Apprehending this Choice proceeds from the Example you have from your Countries by your own Elections, making this Parliament, as much as in you and them lies, the same with the last; therefore you have the same Speaker.

I ought not to offer any sort of Assurance to this House of my resolved Constancy, Fidelity and Vigilancy in the discharge of this Duty; the Just sense I have of the Honour generally given me this day is your stipulation for my good Abearance; the Trust I owe and am to answer to God, my Religion, to *England* and *English men* in this Service, must tye me to do and suffer all that Flesh and Blood can add or endure in your Choice.

This is not the time to speak much, but to act well: Without more words then, in order to our proper Parliamentary Method of Proceedings, Gentlemen, admit me to make it my first Motion, That your Debates and Proceedings may be regular and orderly, without Reflection, without Passion, and that my Actings and Behaviour may have your kind and candid Construction, and you shall find there is not any thing so dear to me, which shall not be advanced in the Service of the Commons in Parliament by me.

The House being informed that his Majesty had appointed to morrow Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, for the House to present the Speaker.

Martis 22^o die Martii, 168^o.

THE House being met, and Mr. Speaker having taken the Chair, A Message was delivered from the King, by *Thomas Duppa*, Esq; Deputy Gentleman-Usher of the *Black Rod*.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

The King Commands this Honourable House to Attend Him immediately in the House of Peers.

And accordingly Mr. Speaker with the House went up to attend His Majesty, and Mr. Speaker with a Speech, humbly represented to His Majesty, That the House of Commons had Chosen him their Speaker; and he made Claim by humble Address to His Majesty in the Name of the Commons of *England* in Parliament Assembled, of the Antient Rights of the Commons for them and their Servants, in their Persons and Estates, to be free from Arrests and other Disturbances, in all their Debates to have Liberty and Freedom of Speech, and as occasion shall require, to have Access to His Majesties Royal Person. Which Speeches at large are here inserted together with the Chancellors Answers by His Majesties Command.

May it please Your Majesty,

THE Knights, Citizens and Burgesses in Parliament Assembled, with Duty and Loyalty agreeable to themselves and the Persons whom they Represent, have in Obedience to Your Royal Pleasure, for the disposing of themselves in that great Assembly for Your Majesties Service, considered of a Speaker; and to manifest to Your Majesty and the World they are not inclinable to Changes, have with One Voice Elected me their Speaker, having had the Honour to serve Your Majesty and the Commons in that Trust in the last Parliament.

With all Humility I presume again by their Commands to stand before Your Majesty to receive Your Pleasure with a Head and Heart full of Loyalty to Your Sacred Person; armed with a settled Resolution never to depart from Your Well, Ancient and Established Government.

The

*The Lord Chancellor by His Majesty's Command
said to this purpose.*

Mr. Speaker,

FOR so I am commanded to call you, *His Majesty* hath well considered the Choice the Commons have made, and does very much approve of that Election, and doth accept and allow you for Speaker.

*The further Speech of Will. Williams, Esq; then
presented to His most Excellent Majesty.*

Most Gracious Sovereign,

NATURAL Allegiance commands Loyalty to Your Majesty from every Subject.

Your singular Grace and Favour to me in the last Parliament, continued by the honour I have in this, add more than Dutifulness and Obedience to my Loyalty.

I am set in the first station of your Commons for Trust and Quality, an high and slippery place; it requires a steady head and well pois'd Body in him that will stand firm there. Uprightness is the safe posture and best policy, and shall be mine in this place, guarded with this Opinion, that Your Majesty's service in this Trust is one and the same with the service of your Commons, and that they are no more to be divided than your Crown and Sceptre.

They truly serve the Crown and Countrey, (which shall be my care and industry) who make the safety of your Sacred Person, the defence and security of the Protestant Religion, the support of Your Majesty's Government, the maintainance of the Laws, and preservation of the ancient Constitutions of Parliament; one and the same undivided Interest, one and the same Safety, one and the same inseparable Security for your Self and People.

These are the desires of all good men; but must be the effects of good Counsels for the enabling of Your Majesty's great Council now in Parliament assembled, to complete this blessed Establishment with all humility. I address to Your Majesty in the name and on the behalf of the Commons in Parliament.

1. That we and our Servants may be free in our Persons and Estates from Arrests and other disturbances.

2. That in our Debates Liberty and Freedom of Speech be allow'd us.

3. That as occasion shall require, Your Majesty will vouchsafe us Access to your Royal Person.

I take leave to joyn this humble Petition for my self, That nothing by me, in weakness or through inadvertency, said or done, may turn to the prejudice of the Commons; and that my Behaviour and Proceedings may receive a benign and favourable interpretation with Your Gracious Majesty.

The

The Lord Chancellour, by Command from His Majesty, said to this effect.

Mr. Speaker,

ALL your Petitions are fully and freely granted by his Majesty, in as large and in as ample a manner as ever any *House of Commons* yet enjoyed them. The King is very sure the Wisdom of this *House of Commons* will make as prudent an use of them, as any of your Ancestors ever did. Your own particular Petition is grateful to the King too, because he knows you will be as careful to avoid mistakes, as his Majesty is ready to forgive them.

And now, *Mr. Speaker*, these Preliminaries being thus over, the King desires you would hasten to the rest that are necessary to be dispatch'd, before we can enter upon business, that so we may husband time, which is now more necessary than ever; and he hopes that this Parliament will come to a very happy and prosperous Conclusion. And that it may do so, God Almighty direct and prosper all your Consultations.

The *House* being returned; and *Mr. Speaker* having taken the Chair and made Report thereof to the *House*,

The House adjourn'd,

Mercurii 23^a die Martii, 1680.

THE *House* being met, proceeded to the taking the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and making and subscribing the Declaration directed by an Act made in the thirtieth year of his now Majesty's Reign, entituled, *An Act for the more effectual preserving the Kings Person and Government, by disabling Papists from sitting in either House of Parliament.*

And *Mr. Speaker* and a great number of the Members of the *House* having taken the said Oaths, and made and subscribed the said Declaration,

The House adjourn'd.

Jovis 24^a die Martii, 1680.

A Bill to correct vexatious Actions of Trespas was read the first time.

Resolved, That the Bill be read a second time.

Ordered, That where there is any double Returns of Members to serve in this present Parliament, such Members do forbear to sit until the said Returns be decided.

A Petition of *Richard Duke*, Esq; touching the Election for the Burrough of *Ashburton* in the County of *Devon*.

A Petition of the Burgesses and Inhabitants of the Burrough of *Southwark* in the County of *Surrey*, touching the Election for the said Burrough.

A Petition of *Sir Richard Stevens* Knight, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Portsmouth* in the County of *Southampton*.

A Petition of *Sir Peter Tyrrel* Baronet, and *Charles Blount* Esq; touching the Election for the Burrough of *Buckingham* in the County of *Buck*.

A Pe-

A Petition of *Denzel Ouslow* and *Francis Dorrington* Esquires, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Haslemere* in the County of *Surrey*.

A Petition of *Humfrey Burlace* and *Nicholas Burlace* Esquires, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Mitchell* in the County of *Cornwall*.

A Petition of *Francis Paulett* Esq; and *Sir Robert Henley* Knight, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Andover* in the County of *Southampton*.

A Petition of *Sir Roger Hill* Knight, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Agmondesham* in the County of *Bucks*.

A Petition of *Algernon Sidney* Esq; touching the same Election.

A Petition of *Edward Hungerford* and *John Eyles* Esquires, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Devizes* in the County of *Wilts*.

A Petition of *John Turton* Esq; touching the Election for the Burrough of *Tamworth* in the Counties of *Warwick* and *Stafford*.

A Petition of *George Rodney Bridges* Esq; touching the Election for the City of *Litchfield*.

A Petition of *Thomas Hooper* Esq; touching the Election for the Burrough of *Christchurch* in the Burrough of *Southampton*.

A Petition of *Humphrey Courtney* and *Thomas Kendall* Esquires, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Weslow* in the County of *Cornwall*.

A Petition of *Sir John Duncombe* Knight, and *George Walsh* Esq; touching the Election for the Burrough of *Eye* in the County of *Suffolk*.

A Petition of *Samuel Rolls* and *James Vernon* Esquires, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Penryn* in the County of *Cornwall*.

A Petition of *Sir John Trevor* Knight, touching the Election for the Shire Town of *Montgomery*.

A Petition of *Thomas Neal* and *John Gerrard* Esquires, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Ludgarshall* in the County of *Wilts*.

A Petition of *Sir John Talbot* Knight, and *John Smith* Esquire, touching the same Election.

A Petition of *William Strode* and *John Speke* Esquires, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Hechefer* in the County of *Somerset*.

A Petition of *Sir Robert Henley* Baronet, touching the Election for the Burrough of *Bridport* in the County of *Dorset* was read.

Ordered,

That the said several Petitions be referred to the consideration of the Committee of Elections and Privileges, to examine the matter thereof, and to report the same with their Opinion therein to this House.

A Petition of *Sir Robert Atkins* Knight of the Bath, *Sir John Knight* Knight, and other Burgesses and Freeholders of the City of *Bristol*, touching the Election for the said City was read.

Ordered, That the matter of this Petition be heard at the Bar of this House on next Monday sevensnight.

A Petition of *Richard Middleton* Esq; touching the Election for the County of *Denbigh* was read.

Ordered, That the Merits of this Petition be heard at the Bar of this House next Wednesday sevensnight.

A Petition of *Thomas Harris* Esq; touching the Election for the City of *Worcester* was read.

Ordered, That the Merits of this Petition be heard at the Bar of this House upon the Debate on next Monday fortnight.

A Petition of the Citizens and Freemen of the City of *Exon*, touching the Election for the said City was read.

Ordered, That the matter of this Petition be heard at the Bar of this House next Monday three weeks.

William Leveson Gore being elected and returned to serve in this present Parliament, as one of the Knights for the County of *Salop*; and also a Burgess for the

Burrough of *Newcastle under Line* in the County of *Stafford*, made his Election to serve for the County of *Salop*.

Ordered, That *Mr. Speaker* do issue out his Warrant to the Clerk of the Crown, to make out a new Writ for the Election of a Burgeis to serve in this present Parliament for the Burrough of *Newcastle under Line*, in the room of the said *William Leverson Gore*.

Resolved,

That the Votes and Proceedings of this House be printed, and that the care of the printing thereof, and the appointment of the Printers, be committed to *Mr. Speaker*.

Ordered, That the thanks of this House be given to *Mr. Speaker* for the Speech by him made in the House of Lords, upon his being presented to His Majesty, and that he be desired to print the same.

The House taking notice, that a Bill which passed both Houses the last Parliament, entituled, *An Act for the Repeal of a Statute made in the 35th. year of Queen Elizabeth*, was not presented to His Majesty (as the rest of the Bills were) for his Royal Assent.

Resolved, That this House will to Morrow morning at Ten of the Clock, take into consideration by what means the said Bill miscarried.

Resolved Nemine Contradicente.

That this House will on Saturday morning next, at Ten of the Clock, consider of means for the security of the Protestant Religion, and for the safety of the Kings Person.

Veneris, 25 die Martii, 1681.

A Petition of *Henry Whithead Esq;* Touching the Election for the Burrough of *Stratford* in the County of *Southampton*, was read.

Ordered,

That the said Petition be referr'd to the consideration of the Committee of Elections and Priviledges to examine the Matter thereof, and report the same, with their Opinions therein, to the House.

Ordered,

That *Mr. Hampden*, *Sir Francis Winnington*, &c. or any three of them, do inspect the Journals of the Late Parliaments relating to the Impeachment of *Thomas Earl of Danby*, and do immediately make Report thereof to the House.

A Message from the Lords by *Sir Timothy Baldwin*, and *Sir Edward Low*.

Mr. Speaker,

The Lords have sent you the Answer of *Sir William Scroggs*, Knight, Chief Justice of his Majestie's Court of *Kings Bench*, to the Articles of Impeachment exhibited against him by the Commons in the Late Parliament Assembled; as also a Petition from him to the Lords.

A Petition of *Thomas Wise Esq;* Touching the Election for the Burrough of *Banbury* in the County of *Oxon*, was read.

Ordered,

That the said Petition be referr'd to the consideration of the Committee of Elections and Priviledges, to examine the matter thereof, and report the same, with their Opinions therein, to the House.

A Petition of the Burgessees of the Burrough of *Marlborough* in the County of *Wilts*. Touching the Election for the said Burrough, was read.

Ordered,

That the said Petition be referr'd to the Consideration of the Committee of Elections and Priviledges to Examine the matter thereof, and Report the same, with their Opinions therein to the House.

A Petition of *Sir Tho. Littleton*, Baronet, and *Tho. Cooke, Esq;* Touching the Election for the Borough of *Treuro* in the County of *Cornwall*, was Read.

Ordered,

Ordered,

That the said Petition be referr'd to the Consideration of the Committee of Elections and Privileges to Examine the matter thereof, and Report the same, with their Opinions therein, to the House.

Ordered,

That Leave be given to bring in a Bill to take away the Court, holden before the President and Council in the Marches in *Wales*.

It being Represented to this House, by several Members, that many Counties, Cities and Boroughs, have freely without Charge, Elected many of their Members in this present Parliament, according to the antient Constitution of Elections of Members to serve in Parliament.

Wherefore this House doth give their thanks to such Counties, Cities and Burroughs, for their said Elections.

Ordered,

That a Committee be appointed to consider of a more convenient place in *Oxon*, for the sitting of the Commons in Parliament now Assembled, and to make report thereof to the House.

The House then according to their order, took into consideration the matter relating to the Bill, which passed both Houses in the last Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for the Repeal of a Statute made in the 35. Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth*, but was not tender'd to his Majesty for his Royal Assent.

Resolved,

That a Message be sent to the Lords, desiring a Conference with their Lordships, in matters relating to the Constitution of Parliaments, in passing of Bills.

Ordered,

That a Committee be appointed to consider of, and prepare the subject matter to be offer'd at the said Conference.

Mr. *Hampden* Reports the Proceedings of the late Parliaments, relating to the Impeachment of the Commons of *England*, against the Earl of *Danby*.

Ordered,

That a Message be sent to the Lords, to mind their Lordships, that the Commons in Parliament Assembled, have formerly by their Speaker demanded judgment at the Bar of the Lords House, upon the Impeachment of the Commons, against *Thomas Earl of Danby*, of High Treason, and to desire their Lordships to appoint a Day to give judgment against the said *Thomas Earl of Danby*, upon the said Impeachment, and that the Lord *Cavendish* do go with the said Message.

Sir *George Treby* acquaints the House, that he, together with Sir *Robert Clayton*, had taken the Examination of *Edward Fitz-Harris*, relating to the Popish Plot, which he read in his place, and afterwards deliver'd the same in at the Clerk's Table.

Ordered,

That the said Examination be forthwith Printed, which here follows.

The Examination of Mr. Fitz-Harris, relating to the Popish Plot, taken March 10. 1683.

WHo saith, that he was born in *Ireland*, and is the Son of Sir *Edmund Fitz-Harris*; and that he was Bred, and is a *Roman Catholic*: That in One Thousand six hundred sixty-two, he went first out of *Ireland*, and then went into *France* to learn the Language as an Accomplishment, being then of the Age of fourteen years.

In One Thousand six hundred sixty-five, he returned thence through *England* into *Ireland*, where he continued till about One Thousand six hundred sixty-eight when he went to *Prague* in order to serve the Emperour in his War in *Hungary*, but there then finding

finding a Peace concluded, he came by the way of *Flanders* into *England*.

And then *Sir George Hamilton* being about Raising a Regiment of Fifteen hundred foot in *Ireland* for the French King's Service; this Examinant obtained from *Sir George Hamilton* a Commission to be Captain of one of the Companies in that Regiment to be Raised. Whereupon he went into *Ireland*, Raised the Company, and conducted them into *France*; and soon after his Landing there, he was reformed and discharged of his said Command; whereupon he went to *Paris*, and having but little money, he lived there difficultly about a year.

In One Thousand six hundred seventy two, going about to take his Leave of Father *oughan* an English Priest at *Paris*, he saith to this purpose;

You are going for *England*; within these two or three years you will see the Catholick Religion Established there as it is in *France*.

The Examinant asking him how that could be, since the King was a Protestant; he answered, if the King would not comply, there was Orders taken and things so laid, that he should be taken off or killed.

That the Duke of *York* was a Catholick, and in his Reign there would be no difficulty of doing it; This Examinant then asking him how long the Duke had been a Catholick; he answered, that the Queen Mother had made him so.

He further said, that the Declaration of Indulgence was in order to that end of introducing the Catholick Religion in *England*.

And that to the same end the War was made against *Holland*, for that *Holland* was a Nest of Hereticks, and if they were destroyed, the Work would be easily done in *England*, because the English (or English Protestants he said) would then have no Assistance from abroad.

And he said that *Madam* came over to *Dover* about this design.

The Examinant coming over about the end of *October*, One Thousand six hundred seventy two, about *February* following had a Commission to be Lieutenants of Captain *Sydenham's* Company in the Duke of *Albemarle's* Regiment, which was then Raised, being one of the Regiments in the Army, which was the Summer following Muster'd at *Black Heath*. And he says, he knew many of the Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors, Captains, and Officers of that Army to be Roman Catholicks.

That afterwards the Act passing to disable Roman Catholicks to bear Office; he and others of them were forc'd to quit their Commands.

And says that the common Intelligence and Opinion among them was, that that Army was Raised with design to bring in and settle the Roman Catholick Religion in *England*, for which end the Invasion of *Holland*, and the sowing of the City of *London*, were fit means.

But the Measures that were thus taken being broken by means of the Peace; and by the Duke of *York's*, as well as these and other Officers quitting all Commands, and the King failing in the expectations they had from him; the Roman Catholicks that were engaged in this Council came to a resolution to destroy the King, as Father *Parrey*, Confessor to *Don Francisco de Melo*, the Portuguese Ambassador told this Examinant in One Thousand six hundred seventy three.

And said, if all other means failed, the Queen would procure the doing of it.

And he says this Father used this confidence towards him, because he was well acquainted with him, and used to confess to him.

And this Father repeated the same discourse to him in Summer One Thousand six hundred seventy eight, with more assurance; adding then, that the business was now near, and he should soon see it done.

About *April*, One thousand six hundred seventy nine, *Marquess Montezuculy*, Envoy from the Duke of *Modena*, after having sworn him to secrecy, told him, that if he would undertake the killing the King, either in his own Person, or by any other, that he should have Ten Thousand Pounds; which he refusing, the Marquess said, if you will not, the Dutches of *Mazarine* understands Poisoning as well as her Sister; and a little Vial, when the King comes there, will do it.

And this Examinant had a great acquaintance with the said Marquess, having first met him several times at the Dutches of *York's* Chappel, and afterwards, Lett him a house, and sold him the Furniture therein, and has very often eaten, drank, and walk'd with him.

And

And the Marquis at the same time told him, that upon killing the King the Army in *Flanders* and parts adjacent to *France*, was to come over into *England* to destroy the Protestant Party; and that money was levying in *Italy*, to recruit and supply Forces in the place of those that should so come over into *England*.

And that after that time there should be no more Parliaments in *England*; and that the Duke of *York* was privy to all these designs.

That about *April*, One thousand six hundred and eighty, he met *Kelly* the Priest at *Calais*, who there in discourse with him owned, that he was one of the persons concerned in the murder of *Sir Edmundbury Godfrey*, and that the same was done much in manner as *France* had related it.

This *Examinant* hath known *Kelly* about twelve years, in part of which time he has had intimate conversation with him, and hath sometimes confessed to him,

That he hath been acquainted six or seven years with *Monfieur De Puy*, a servant to the Duke of *York*; and that soon after the murder of *Sir Edmundbury Godfrey*, this *De Puy* told this *Examinant*, that that murder was consulted at *Windſor*.

And about the same time said, that the Duke was very desirous to come to the Crown, for that the King was uncertain, and did not keep touch with them. And that *De Puy* said, there was a necessity of taking off the King, and that it would be soon done.

That the Duke of *York* having an Estate in *Ireland*, a part of which was this *Examinant's* Father's, and this *Examinant* being acquainted with Father *Bodigfield*, asked him, how he could give absolution to the Duke, till he had made Restitutio. The Father said, that every Penitent was supposed to know his own sins, and to make them known to his Confessor. To which this *Examinant* replying with some warmth; But since you know it, you ought to take notice thereof. The Father answered, Be not angry, for ere it be long you may be in a better condition.

March One thousand six hundred seventy nine eighty, he went to *Paris* to compound a Debt he owed there; staying there about eight days, where meeting Father *Patrick* (who well knew this *Examinant's* Father and Friends, and this *Examinant*) talking of a Rupture that might be between *England* and *France*, he said the *French* intended in such case to send *Marſhal Belfonds* into *Ireland* with an Army of Ten thousand Foot and Two thousand Horse, with Arms and Ammunition for 30000 Men more to be raised in *Ireland*, and the Father promised this *Examinant* a Regiment of the Men so to be Raised, and Armed in *Ireland*, and the Design was to restore that Kingdom to its former Owners, subject to the *French*.

He also desired him to send him all the Libels that came out in *London*; and said, that Libelling the King and the Government, was a thing necessary to be done, in order to distaste the King, and make him afraid and jealous of his People.

That he knew *Mr. Everard* at *Paris*, in One Thousand six hundred sixty five, and hath since continued and encreased his acquaintance with him; that the opinion of Father *Patrick* was an encouragement to him to correspond and concur with *Mr. Everard*, - as to the Libel lately written by *Mr. Everard*.

Capit. 10 Martii,
1681. coram.

ROB. CLAYTON,
GEO. TREBY.

Resolved,

That the same *Edward Fitz-Harris* be impeached of High Treason, in the name of all the Commons of *England*, and that *Mr. Secretary Jenkins* do to Morrow Morning go up and impeach him at the Bar of the Lords House.

Ordered,

That it be refer'd to *Sir Francis Winnington*, *Sir William Jones*, &c. to draw up and prepare Articles of Impeachment against the said *Edward Fitz-Harris*.

Ordered,

That *Sir George Treby* do to Morrow Morning give the House an account of the Information given by *Mr. Serjeant*, relating to the Popish Plot.

And then the House Adjourned till 8 to Morrow Morning
Sabbati 26. die Martii, 1681.

SIR *Robert Howard* Reports from the Committee appointed to consider of a more convenient place in *Oxford* for this House to sit in, That the Theatre was the most convenient place they could find for that purpose.

Resolved,

D

That

That an humble Address be presented to his Majesty from this House, by such Members thereof as are of His Majesties most Honourable Privy Council, humbly representing to His Majesty the inconvenience of the place where the Commons now Sit in Parliament; And that the House having by a Report from a Committee appointed to consider of a more convenient Place for their Sitting, been informed, that the *Theatre in Oxford* is a more convenient place for their Sitting: Wherefore the Commons Humbly beseech His Majesty to command the *Theatre* may be fitted and prepared for their Sitting there.

Sir *William Jones* reports from the Committee appointed to prepare the Subject matter of the Conference, desired to be had with the Lords in matters relating to the Constitution of Parliament in passing Bills, the matter agreed upon by the said Committee.

Ordered,

That the Lord *Dursley* do immediately go up to the Lords to desire such Conference.

Sir *John Fagg* being returned a Knight of the Shire to serve for the County of *Suffex*, and likewise a Burgess to serve for the Burrough of *Steyning* in the said County, made his Election to serve for the said County.

Ordered,

That Mr. *Speaker* do issue out his Warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new Writ for the Election of a Burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the said Borough of *Steyning*, in the room of the said Sir *John Fagg*.

A Petition of the Citizens and Inhabitants of *New Sarum*, touching the Election for that City, was read.

Ordered,

That the said Petition be referred to the consideration of the Committee of Elections and Privileges, to examine the matter thereof, and to report the same, with their Opinions therein, to the House.

Sir *George Treby* reports several Examinations taken from Mr. *John Serjeant* and *David Maurice*, relating to the Popish Plot, which he read in his place, and afterwards delivered the same in at the Clerks Table, where the same being Read,

Ordered,

That the said several Informations be forthwith Printed, which Informations here follow

The Informations of John Serjeant, and David Maurice, Relating to the POPISH PLOT, &c.

BEing in Company with an *English Gentlewoman* in *Flanders*, who is a *Roman Catholick*, about the later end of *August*, 1679. and the name of Mr. *Gaven*, one of the Five Jesuits who suffered that Summer, coming into discourse, she began to express with some horror the Scandal she had received from a wicked piece of Doctrine he maintain'd in her hearing, which was, *That the Queen might Lawfully Kill the King for Violating her Bed*: And, that when she set her self to oppose it as most unchristian Doctrine, and tending to destroy Soul and Body both, and alledg'd, that therefore it was better to suffer it patiently for God's sake, he with much vehemency and earnestness stood to it, *That she might not only lawfully do it, but was bound to it*; and that, *if she did not, she was guilty of his greater Damnation, in letting him continue so long in sin*. This is the substance of what she related, and, as near as I can remember, the words. The Gentlewomans Surname is *Skypwith*, her Christen name (as I remember) *Mary*.

It pleas'd his most Sacred Majesty, to whom (as my Duty bound me) I had writ it before, when I appear'd before his most Honourable Privy Council, the last Day of *October* following, to ask me what were my present thoughts of the truth of that Relation at the time that I heard it, all Circumstances weighed; to which being then upon my Oath, as Truth and Conscience oblig'd me, I answered, *That I did incline very much to believe it*: For which rashness and uncharitableness of mine (as some interpret it) in entertaining that Sentiment so easily upon the Testimony of one single person, great noise has been made against me, as if Passion had byast me to that persuasion. Wherefore to clear my Ingenuity and Sincerity in this point to his Majesty and his Council (of whose good Opinions only I am solicitous). I humbly offer here the Reasons which mov'd me to think thus: They are these.

I had particular reason to judge that this person was at this time that I knew her, and she related this, very scrupulously Conscientious, and a good Woman; and I conceiv'd that

that her present disposition was most (and indeed only) to be considered in that present Relation; nor had I ever heard any harm of her former Life.

She seem'd particularly Conscientious in making this Relation, lifting up her hands and eyes to Heaven, with these words; *God knows my heart, I would not say it to gain the whole World, if it were not true.*

I had never heard, nor could then discern that she had the least pique against Mr. Gaven's Order.

She spoke it voluntarily, none inciting or moving her to it.

The manner in which she deliver'd it, seem'd very candid and unaffected; and it came out naturally and occasionally, nor did it at all look like a premeditated or sought thing.

She spoke it out of her sense of the Scandal she received by it, which seem'd a Motive well becoming a good Christian; and so an argument of her sincerity.

She told the same Story the second time to another person, my self present; at least the substance of it.

She never recommended it as a Secret either to him or me, whereas one who forges would be apt to desire the concealment of the false story they relate, lest by discovering it, it may come to be confuted, and themselves shamed; which she had the more reason to fear, because the thing related was of so high a consequence.

She named time, place, and persons present; which expos'd her to an easie confute if it were not true.

The Tenour also of the Discourse seem'd to render it credible, her Objection being such as was likely to come from a good well-meaning person of her pitch; and his Reply abetting it very like a Man wilfully bent to maintain an absurd Position (as is the manner of Passion and Heat) with advancing another more absurd.

Now, as these Considerations inclin'd me strongly to think her sincere, so it seem'd to me she could not be mistaken in the sense of his Discourse, or misunderstand him, the Doctrine being about a matter of Fact of the highest concern in the world; and the words which are apt to express it not being Artificial or Speculative, but natural & common Language. Besides, her Contest with him about it must needs have clear'd this meaning.

These are the Reasons why I apprehended that Relation to be true; which yet I produce not here to Charge Mr. Gaven, but to discharge my own Credit and Conscience, and to give your Majesty and your Council the best light I am able to judge of that business.

In Testimony of what's above, I subscribe my Name, Feb. 11. 1679.

JOHN SERGEANT.

The Information of David Morris.

I Underwritten do hereby upon Oath Attest, that being last August at Brussels, and going to see an old Acquaintance, I found Mr. Sergeant there (little thinking to see him so near the Internuncio) he told me, there was a Gentlewoman who said that Mr. Gaven maintained it was lawful for the Queen to kill the King, for violating her Bed: which I hardly believing, he brought me up stairs where she was, where I heard it with my own ears. After some discourse concerning the wickedness of such Doctrines, I asked her, where this hapned? She answered (as I remember) in Covent-Garden, at the Brother-in-laws of Mr. Gaven, and named the persons that were present, whom I knew not; nor did I think further of it, more than to admire the indiscretion of his descending to such particulars, and her actings his heat to maintain his Paradox, when she opposed him: The rest, I knew to be agreeable to their Principles; having bought Escobar some years since on purpose to see whether the Provincial Letters misrepresented them or not: where I found it lawful to kill a man that calumniated a Religious Order; and I am sure that what makes lawful for a Jesuite to kill a man that wrongs his Order, makes also lawful for a Wife to kill her husband if he wrongs her Bed.

My going to Brussels was to see what became of the benevolence sent by the Pope to those Countreys for refus'd English Catholics; and found, who vow immediate obedience to the Pope to be the distributors, and who swore no Allegiance but to their King, to be debar'd such publick favours: for the English Jesuite Procuratour there, told a worthy Clergy Priest, there was nothing for him, meaning such as he: of which I know no reason, unless it be that the Clergy would never admit of any extraordinary authority from Rome, unanimously agree never to receive any Bulls, or other Orders from Rome, without the Kings Licence, and permission of the State, and ever opposed the deposing Power, Duties which anciently belonged to the Imperial Crown of

of this Realm, and ought still to be observed by us. Which sufferings of theirs for so good a cause is humbly submitted to your Majesties most gracious consideration.

Feb. 11. 1680.

David Morris.

This House having taken into solemn debate and consideration the means for the security of the Protestant Religion, and for Safety of the Kings Person, doth resolve, That a Bill be brought in for excluding *James Duke of York* from Inheriting the Imperial Crowns of *England* and *Ireland*, and the Dominions and Territories thereunto belonging.

Ordered,

That a Committee be appointed to prepare and draw up the said Bill, and it is referred to Sir *William Jones*, &c.

Adjourned to 5 of the Clock Post Meridiem.

Sabbati 26. Martii, Post Meridiem

THe House being informed, That the Lords had refused to proceed upon the Impeachment of the Commons against *Edward Fitz-Harris*, and had directed that he should be proceeded against at the Common-Law, and a Debate arising in the House thereupon.

Resolved,

That it is the undoubted Right of the Commons in Parliament assembled, to impeach before the Lords in Parliament any Peer or Commoner for Treason, or any other Crime or Misdemeanour: And that the Refusal of the Lords to proceed in Parliament upon such Impeachment, is a Denial of Justice, and a Violation of the Constitution of Parliaments.

Resolved,

That in the case of *Edward Fitz-Harris*, who by the Commons has been Impeached for high Treason before the Lords, with a Declaration, That in convenient time they would bring up the Articles against him; for the Lords to Resolve, that the said *Fitz-Harris* should be proceeded with according to the course of Common Law, and not by way of Impeachment in Parliament, at this time, is a Denial of Justice, and a Violation of the Constitution of Parliaments, and an Obstruction to the further discovery of the Popish Plot, and of great danger to his Majesties Person, and the Protestant Religion.

Resolved,

That for any inferior Court to proceed against *Edward Fitz-Harris*, or any other Person lying under an Impeachment in Parliament, for the same Crimes for which he or they stand Impeached, is an high Breach of the Privilege of Parliament.

Ordered, That a Bill or Bills be brought in for the better Uniting of all his Majesties Protestant Subjects.

Ordered,

That a Bill be brought in for Banishing the most Considerable Papists of *England*, one of His Majesties Dominions by their Names.

Adjourned, &c.

Lune 21. die Martii, 1681.

A Petition of Sir *John Sidnam*, touching the Election of a Knight to serve in this present Parliament for the County of *Somerset* was read.

Ordered,

That the said petition be referred to the Consideration of the Committee of Elections and Privileges.

Ordered,

That Mr. *Speaker* do issue out his Warrant for sending for Persons, Papers and Records, in such Elections, as are appointed to be heard at the Bar of the House.

A Petition of *Edward Nofworthy Esq;* touching the Election for *Leskaid* was read, and refer'd to the Committee of Elections and Privileges.

Ordered,

That every Knight of the *Shire* do pay ten Shillings, and every Citizen and Burges five Shillings to be distributed amongst the Officers attending the House.

A Bill for Excluding *James Duke of York*, to Inherit the Imperial Crown of *England*, and the Dominions and Territories thereunto belonging.

Ordered,

That the Bill be read a Second time to Morrow Morning at Ten of the Clock in a full House.

A Message from His Majesty by Mr. *Edward Duppa*, Deputy-Usher of the *Black-Rod*.

Mr. Speaker,

The King Commands this honourable House to attend Him immediately in the House of Peers.

And accordingly Mr. *Speaker* with the House went up to attend His Majesty, where His Majesty was pleased to Dissolve this present Parliament.

A LIST of the Names of the *Knights, Citizens, Bur-* *gesses, and Barons* of the Cinque-Ports, that were Returned to serve in the Parliament Assembled at Oxford, March 21. 1642.

Note, that those that have this Mark () were not Members of the last Parliament.*

Bedfordshire. 4.
William Lord Ruffel,
Sir Humphrey Monoux *Baronet.*
Town of Bedford.
Pawlet St. John *Esq;*
Sir William Franklin *Kt.*
Berks. 9.
William Barker *Esq;*
Richard Southbey *Esq;*
Borough of New-Windfor.
Samuel Starkey *Esq;*
Richard Winwood *Esq;*
Borough of Reading.
John Blagrove *Esq;*
Nathan Knight *Esq;*
Borough of Wallingford.
Scory Barker *Esq;*
* Taverner Harris *Esq;*
Borough of Abbingdon.
Sir John Stonehouse *Baronet.*
Bucks. 14.
Thomas Wharton *Esq;*
Richard Hampden *Esq;*
Town of Buckingham.
Sir Richard Temple, *Knight of the Bath, and Baronet.*
* Sir Ralph Varney *Kt. & Bar.*
Borough of Chipping Wiccomb.
Sir John Burlase *Baronet*
Thomas Lewes *Esq;*
Borough of Aylisbury.
Sir Thomas Lee *Baronet.*
Sir Richard Ingoldesby *Kt. of the Bath.*
Borough of Agmondesham.
Sir William Drake *Kt.*
* William Cheyney *Esq;*
Borough of Wendover.
John Hampden *Esq;*
Edward Backwell *Esq;*
Borough of Great Marlow.
John Borlace *Esq;*
* Thomas Hobby *Esq;*
Cambridge. 6.
Sir Levinus Bennet *Bar.*
Sir Robert Cotton *Kt.*
University of Cambridge.
Sir Thomas Exton *Kt.*
* Robert Bradey *Dr. of Physick*
Town of Cambridge.
William Lord Allington,
Sir Thomas Chicheley *Kt.*
Chester. 4.
Henry Booth *Esq;*
Sir Rob. Cotton *Kt. and Bar.*

City of Chester.
Will. Williams *Esq;* *Speaker*
Roger Whitley *Esq;*
Cornwall. 44.
Francis Robarts *Esq;*
Sir Rich. Edgcomb *Kt. of Bath*
Borough of Danhivid, alias Lancelton.
Sir Hugh Piper *Kt.*
William Harbord *Esq;*
Borough of Leskard.
Sir Jonathan Trelawny *Bar.*
John Buller *Esq;*
Borough of Lestwithiel.
Sir John Carew *Baronet.*
Walter Kendall *Esq;*
Borough of Truro.
Edward Boscawen *Esq;*
* Henry Ashurst *Esq;*
Borough of Bodmin.
Hender Robarts *Esq;*
Nicholas Glynn *Esq;*
Borough of Helston.
* Charles Godolphin *Esq;*
Sidney Godolphin *Esq;*
Borough of Saltash.
Bernard Greenville *Esq;*
Sir John Davie *Baronet.*
Borough of Camelford.
Robert Russel *Esq;*
Sir James Smith *Kt.*
Borough of Port-Pigham, alias Westlow.
John Trelawney of West. *Esq;*
* Jon. Trelawney of Coldrun.
Borough of Crampound.
John Tanner *Esq;*
Nicholas Herle *Esq;*
Borough of Eastlow.
Sir Jonath. Trelawley *Bar.*
* John Kendal *Esq;*
Borough of Penryn.
Sir Nicholas Slanning, *Kt. of the Bath, and Bar.*
Charles Smith *Esq;*
Borough of Tregony.
Hugh Boscawen *Esq;*
Charles Trevannian *Esq;*
Borough of Boffiney.
Charles Bodvile Robarts, *Esq;*
* Sir Peter Colliton, *Baronet.*
Borough of St. Ives.
Edward Nofeworthy jun. *Esq;*
* James Prade junior *Esq;*
Borough of Foway.
Jonathan Rashleigh *Esq;*
John Trefry *Esq;*
Borough of St. Germans.
Daniel Elliot *Esq;*

Richard Elliot *Esq;*
Borough of St. Michael.
* Sir William Ruffel *Knight.*
* Henry Vincent *Esq;*
Borough of Newport.
* William Morris *Esq;*
Ambrose Manaton *Esq;*
Borough of St. Mawes.
Sir Joseph Tredenham *Knight.*
Henry Seymour junior *Esq;*
Borough of Killinton.
William Coriton *Esq;*
Richard Carew *Esq;*
Cumberland 6.
* Sir George Fletcher *Bar.*
Sir John Lowther *Baronet.*
City of Carlisle.
Edward Lord Morpith.
Sir Christopher Musgrave *Kt.*
Borough of Cockermouth.
Sir Richard Grahme *Baronet.*
Orlando Gee *Esq;*
Derby, 4.
William Lord Cavendish.
William Sacheverill *Esq;*
Town of Derby.
Anchitel Gray *Esq;*
George Vernon *Esq;*
Devonshire. 26.
Sir William Courtenay *Bar.*
Samuel Rolle *Esq;*
City of Exeter.
* Sir Thomas Carew *Knight.*
* Thomas Walker *Esq;*
Borough of Totnells.
* John Kelland *Esq;*
* Charles Kelland *Esq;*
Borough of Plymouth.
Sir John Maynard *Knight.*
Sir William Jones *Knight.*
Town of Okehampton.
Sir Arthur Harris *Baronet.*
* Sir George Carew *Knight.*
Borough of Barnstable
John Basset *Esq;*
Richard Lee *Esq;*
Borough of Plympton.
Sir George Treby *Knight.*
John Pollexfen *Merchant.*
Borough of Honiton.
Sir Walter Young *Baronet.*
Sir Thomas Putt *Baronet*
Borough of Tavillock.
Edward Russel *Esq;*
Sir Francis Drake *Baronet.*
Borough of Ashburton.
Thomas Reynel *Esq;*
* William Stawell *Esq;*
Borough of Clifton, Dart-
mouth *

mouth and Hardnes.
Edward Yard Esq;
John Upton Esq;
Borough of Beralston.
* Sir Duncomb Colchester K.
* John Elwell Merchant
Borough of Tiverton.
Samuel Foot Esq;
Sir Henry Ford Knight.
Dorsetshire. 20.
Thomas Ercke Esq;
Thomas Strangeways Esq;
Town of Pool.
Thomas Chafin Esq;
Henry Trenchard Esq;
Borough of Dorchester.
James Gould Esq;
Nathaniel Bond Esq;
Borough of Lyme-Regis.
Henry Henly Esq;
Thomas Moore Esq;
Borough of Weymouth.
Sir John Coventry Kt. of Bath
Michael Harvey Esq;
Melcom-Regis
Sir John Morton Baronet.
* Henry Henning Esq;
Borough of Bridport.
William Brag Esq;
* John Michel Esq;
Borough of Shafton,
alias Shaftsbury.
Sir Matthew Andrews Kt.
Thomas Bennet Esq;
Borough of Wareham.
Thomas Erle Esq;
George Savage Esq;
Borough of Corfe Castle.
Sir Nathan. Naper Kt. & Bar.
* Richard Fowns Esq;
Durham. 4.
William Bowes Esq;
Tho. Fetherston Hough Esq;
City of Durham.
Sir Richard Lloyd Knight.
* William Tempest Esq;
Essex. 8.
Henry Mildmay Esq;
John Lemot Honywood Esq;
Borough of Colchester.
Sir Harbottle Grimston Bar.
* Samuel Reynolds Esq;
Borough of Malden.
Sir Will. Wiseman Kt. & B.
Sir Thomas Darcy Baronet.
Borough of Harwich.
Sir Philip Parker Baronet.
Sir Thomas Mydallton Kt.
Gloucestershire. 8.
Sir Ralph Dutton Baronet.
Sir John Guise Bar.
City of Gloucester.
Charles Lord Dursley.
* Cha. Somerset Lord Herbert
Borough of Cirencester.
Sir Robert Atkins jun. Kt.
Henry Powle Esq;

Borough of Tylesbury.
Sir Henry Capel Kt. of Bath.
Sir Francis Ruffel Bar.
Herefordshire. 8.
John Viscount Scudamore.
Sir Edward Harly Kt of Bath.
City of Hereford.
Paul Foley Esq;
* Herbert Aubrey Esq;
Borough of Lempster.
John Dutton Colt Esq;
Thomas Coningsby Esq;
Borough of Webley.
John Birch Esq;
John Both Esq;
Hertfordshire. 6
Sir Charles Caesar Kt.
* William Hales Esq;
Borough of St. Albans.
Sir Thomas Pope Blount bar.
Samuel Grimston Esq;
Borough of Hertford.
Sir Thomas Bide Kt.
Sir William Couper Bar.
Huntingtonshire. 4.
Sir Thomas Proby Bar.
Silus Titus Esq;
Borough of Huntington.
Sidney Wortley, alias Montague Esq;
Lionel Walden Esq;
Kent. 10.
Sir Very Fane Kt. of the Bath
Edward Dering Esq;
City of Canterbury.
* Lewis Watson Esq;
* Vincent Denn Esq;
City of Rochester.
Sir John Banks Bar.
* Sir Francis Clerk Kt.
Borough of Maidstone.
Sir John Tuiton Kt. and Bar.
Thomas Fane Esq;
Borough of Quinborough.
William Glanvill Esq;
* Gerrard Gore Esq;
Lancaster. 14.
Charles Lord Brandon.
Sir Charles Houghton Bar.
Borough of Lancaster.
Richard Kirkby Esq;
William Spencer jun. Esq;
Borough or Town of Preston.
in Amounderness.
Sir Robert Car. Kt. and Bar.
Sir Gervas Elwes Bar.
Borough of Newton.
Sir John Chichley Kt.
Andrew Fountain Esq;
Borough of Wigan.
* Richard Lord Colchester.
Charles Earl of Ancram.
Borough of Clithero.
Sir Thomas Stringer Kt.
* Henry Marten Esq;
Borough of Liverpool.
Ruishe Wentworth Esq;

John Duobois Merchant.
Leicester. 4.
Benner Lord Sherrard.
Sir John Hartopp Bar.
Town of Leicester.
John Gray Esq;
Sir Henry Beaumont Kt.
Lincoln. 12.
George Lord Vise. Castleton.
Sir Robert Car Kt. and Bar.
City of Lincoln.
* Sir Thomas Hufsey Kt.
Sir Thomas Meers Kt.
Borough of Boston.
Sir Anthony Irby Kt.
Sir William York Kt.
Borough of Great Grimsby.
William Broxolme Esq;
George Pelham Esq;
Town of Stamford.
Sir Richard Cust Bar.
William Hyde Esq;
Borough of Grantham.
Sir William Ellis Bar.
Sir John Newton Bar.
Middlesex. 8.
Sir William Robarts Kt.
* Nicholas Raynton Esq;
City of Westminster.
Sir William Poulteny Kt.
Sir William Waller Kt.
London.
Sir Robert Clayton Kt. Alder.
Thomas Pilkington Esq; Alder.
Sir Thomas Player Kt.
William Love Esq;
Monmouth. 3.
Sir Trevor Williams Bar.
Sir Edward Morgan Kt.
Borough of Monmouth.
John Arnold Esq;
Norfolk. 12.
Sir John Hobert Bar.
Sir Peter Gleen Bar.
City of Norwich.
William Lord Paston.
Augustin Briggs Esq;
Town of Lyn-Regis.
* Sir Henry Hobart Kt.
Simon Taylor Esq;
Town of Great Yarmouth.
* Sir James Johnson Kt.
George England Esq;
Borough of Thetford.
Sir Joseph Williamson Kt.
William Harbord Esq;
Borough of Castlinging.
Sir Robert Howard Kt.
James Hoste Esq;
Northampton. 9.
John Parkhurst Esq;
Miles Fleetwood Esq;
City of Peterborough.
* William Lord Fitz. Williams
Francis St. John Esq;
Town of Northampton.
Ralph Montague Esq;

Sir VWilliam Langham Kt.

Town of Brackley.

Sir Richard VVenman Bar.

* VWilliam Lile Esq;

Borough of Higham Ferris.

Sir Rice Rud Bar.

Northumberland. 8.

Sir John Fenwick Bar.

Sir Ralph Dalavall Bar.

Town of Newcastle upon Tine

Sir Ralph Car Kt.

Sir Nathaniel Johnson Kt.

Borough of Morpeth.

Sir George Downing Kt. Bar.

Daniel Collingwood Esq;

Town of Berwick upon Tweed.

Ralph Gray Esq;

John Ruthworth Esq;

Nottingham. 8.

Sir Scroop How Kt.

John VWhite Esq;

Town of Nottingham.

Robert Pierrepont Esq;

Richard Slater Esq;

Borough of East Retford.

Sir Edward Nevile Kt. & Bar.

Sir VWilliam Hickman Bar.

Town of Newark upon Trent.

Sir Robert Markham Bar.

Sir Richard Rothwell bar.

Oxon. 9.

Thomas Hord Esq;

* Sir Philip Harcourt Kt.

University of Oxon.

Sir Leoline Jenkins Kt.

Charles Perrot Dr. of Law.

City of Oxon.

VWilliam VVright Esq;

Broom VVhorwood Esq;

Borough of New VWoodstock.

* Henry Bartie Esq;

Nich. Baynton Esq;

Borough of Banbury.

Sir John Holman Bar.

Philip Sherard Esq;

* Edward Fawkeners Esq;

Salop. 12.

Richard Newport Esq;

William Leveson Gower Esq;

Town of Salop.

Sir Richard Corbert baronet.

Edward Kinnaston Esq;

Borough of Burges alias

Bridgnorth.

Sir William Whitmore bar.

Sir Tho. Whitmore, Kt. of Bath

Borough of Ludlow.

Francis Charleton Esq;

* Charles Baldwin Esq;

Borough of Great Wenlock.

John Woolriche Esq;

William Forrester Esq;

Town of Bishops Castle.

Sir Richard Mason Kt.

* Richard Moore Esq;

Somerset 18.

Sir William Partman baronet

George Speke Esq;

City of Bristol.

* Sir Richard Hart Kt.

* Thomas Earle Esq;

City of Bath.

* Maurice Visc. Fitz harding,

* Sir William Basset Kt.

City of Wells.

William Coward Esq;

John Hall Esq;

Borough of Taunton.

Edmund Prideaux Esq;

John Trenchard Esq;

Borough of Bridgewater.

Sir Haswell Tynt bar.

* Sir John Mallet Kt.

Borough of Minehead.

Francis Lutterel Esq;

Thomas Palmer Esq;

Borough of Ilcester.

* Sir John St. Barb.

* Thomas Hoddy jun. Esq;

Borough of Milburn Port.

John Hunt Esq;

Henry Bull Esq;

Southampton 26.

* Charles Earl of Wiltshire.

Sir Francis Rolle Kt.

City of Winchester.

James Lord Annesley.

Sir John Cloberry Kt.

Town of Southampton.

Sir Charles Windham Kt.

Sir Benjamin Newland Kt.

Town of Portsmouth.

George Legg Esq;

Richard Norton Esq;

Borough of Yarmouth.

* Sir Thomas Littleton bar.

Lemuel Kingdon Esq;

Borough of Petersfield.

Sir John Norton bar.

Leonard Bilson Esq;

Borough of Newport alias

Medona.

Sir Robert Dillington bar.

John Leigh Esq;

Borough of Stockbridge.

* Essex Stroud Esq;

Oliver St. Johns Esq;

Borough of Newton.

Daniel Finch Esq;

Sir John Holmes Kt.

Borough of Christ Church.

Sir Thomas Clarges Kt.

George Fulford Esq;

Borough of Whitchurch.

Richard Ayliffe Esq;

Henry Wallop Esq;

Borough of Limington.

Henry Dawley Esq;

John Burrard Esq;

Town of Andover.

* Charles West Esq;

* John Collins Esq;

Staffordshire 10.

Sir Walter Baggot bar.

Sir John Bowyer bar.

City of Litchfield.

Daniel Finch Esq;

Michael Biddulph Esq;

Borough of Stafford.

Sir Thomas Armstrong Kt.

* Edwyn Skrymsher Esq;

Bar. Newcastle under Line.

Sir Thomas Bellot bar.

Will. Leveston Gower Esq;

Borough of Tamworth.

Sir Tho. Thynne bar. } *by 1 In-*

* John Swynfen Esq; } *dentur.*

Joh Swynfen Esq; } *by another*

* Joh. Turton Esq; } *Indenture*

Suffolk 16.

Sir Samuel Barnardiston bar.

Sir William Spring bar.

Borough of Ipswich.

John Wright Esq;

Sir John Barker baronet.

Borough of Dunwich.

Sir Robert Kemp bar.

Sir Philip Skipton Kt.

Borough of Orford.

Sir John Duke bar.

* Thomas Glemham Esq;

Borough of Alborough.

John Bence Esq;

John Corrance Esq;

Borough of Sudbury.

Sir Gervase Elwes bar.

Gervase Elwes Esq;

Borough of Eye.

* Sir Robert Reve bar.

* Sir Charles Gaudey Kt. bar.

Borough of St. Edmundsbury.

Sir Thomas Harvey Kt.

Thomas Jermyn Esq;

Surry. 14.

Arthur Onslow Esq;

Geo. Evelin of VVotton Esq;

Borough of Southwark.

Sir Richard How Kt.

Peter Rich Esq;

Borough of Bletchingly.

* Sir VWilliam Gufnon Kt.

Geo. Evelyn of Nutfield Esq;

Borough Ryegate.

* Ralph Freeman Esq;

Dean Goodwin Esq;

Borough of Guilford.

Richard Onslow Esq;

Morgar Randy Esq;

Borough of Gatton.

Sir Nicholas Carew Kt.

Thomas Turgis Esq;

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 Thomas Bennet Esq;
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Borough of Beverly
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 Michael Wharton Esq;
Borough of Northallerton.
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Town of Brecon.
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Town of Cardigan.
 Hector Phillips Esq;
Carmarthen. 2.
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Town of Carmarthen.
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Carnarvan. 2.
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